What is globalization, and what role do networks play in globalization?
- Globalization occurs across ________ and across ________, regardless of ________ borders. The backbone of globalization is ________. Arguments for globalization are “______” raises the well-being of all countries….” Anti-globalizationists argue that the countries of the ________ continue to protect their own ________ while forcing the countries of the ________ & ________ to open their ________ to __________ investment and remove __________ from their domestic production.
  - The ________ is a term used to describe the principles of free trade & how to achieve it. Opponents see this as a push for the rest of the world to ________, to open ________ markets, to ________ trade & to encourage ________. They argue that ________ is not free, but sends most of the benefit to the ________. Networks
  - ________ defines networks as “______” without a ________. Ideally networks are ________ structured with power ________ among all with ________ flowing in all directions. Networks enable globalization to occur. ________ links some places more than others, creating ________ of globalization & its outcomes.

Time-Space Compression
- ________ - means certain places are more ________ than ever through ________ and ________ networks, and other places are ________ than ever. The shift now is from computer-
centered technologies to ____________ diffused technologies (with a biology revolution in the making). The major divide in access of info between the core and periphery resulting in uneven outcomes.

Global Cities
• Geographers have studied the levels of connectivity among cities. By tracking flows they noted that ________ cities are the most connected with New York. They also found that ________ not _________ is more connected to Latin America, and New York is the ________ globally linked city in the world (London wins the prize ahead of ____________) ________ is also highly ranked coming in at number ___________.

At what scales do networks operate in the globalized world?
• _______________ - the idea that locals should be engaged in deciding what development means for them & how to achieve it – response to __________ decision making.

Social trends in global capitalism include decreasing __________, increasing ______________ have worked to prevent the disadvantaged from __________ goods or services within the “________” economy leading some communities to develop a __________ currency.

• ______________ & __________ in media after the Cold War has resulted in global control by ______ global corporations.

• A vertically integrated corporation has ownership in many points along the __________ & __________ of a commodity chain.
  o The media companies compete for __________, _______ & __________
  o ______________ has moved to gain __________(production companies, radio shows, television programming, etc) and __________ (radio, television stations, magazines, & movies)
  o Vertical integration helps attract & maintain customers through __________, the cross promotion of goods (Disney characters on Disney Cruises.)
  o Vertical integration limits the number of __________, people or corporations that control access to information. __________ make gatekeeping more difficult due to the easy access to the Internet

Major retail corporations are typically __________ integration, similar products in different places. (Banana Republic, the Gap, & Old Navy all have the same parent company.) (Gatorade, Doritos, Quaker granola bars = PepsiCo)

How have identities changed in a globalized world?
• People identify themselves by identifying ______ or __________ at the local, regional, and global scales.
  o Princess Diana’s death quickly connected people around the globe, as 9/11 & Katrina united the US. Information is quickly available, natural disasters like the Tsunami in the Indian Ocean became a world event with donations and response from all continents.

Globalization has been compared to a __________, but globalization is a series of processes. Many of the most important processes take place within the network of __________, in places linked by __________, by __________, by __________ and by __________.